

# THE RALEIGH NEWS

VOL. XII—NO. 78.

RALEIGH, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 2, 1877.

\$5.00 PER ANNUM.

**CONGRESSIONAL.**

**The Struggle in the Senate Ended—Butler and Kellogg Seated—Patterson and Conover Vote for Each—Relief for Those Wrecked on the Huron—Number and Status of Bills.**

WASHINGTON, December 1.—SENATE.—The first vote last night was on Hill's substitute to seat Spofford on his *prima facie*, which was rejected by 27 to 29. Patterson and Conover voting ay and Davis of Illinois, no. The next direct vote to seat Kellogg, Patterson and Conover voted ay; Davis voted nay. On the vote to seat Butler, Conover and Patterson voted ay; Davis did not vote. Kellogg and Butler were then seated.

In the executive session the following nominations were confirmed: Owsley, Florida, consul to Lexington; G. C. Wharton, District Attorney for Kentucky; Morton, New Orleans, inspecting and supervising steamboats.

Hurricane resolution was adopted including the Committee of Patriots to report a bill prohibiting the buying of suits for damages for infringement of patents against persons who may purchase said patents without knowledge of such infringement. Also a resolution for final adjournment at 3 p.m. to-day.

Washington, Dec. 1.—The House to-day passed a bill for the relief of the survivors of the wrecks of steamship Huron, and the families of the lost. It gives \$1000 in case of officers and \$100 in case of men. The bill also applies to the crew of the swamped wrecking boat, was introduced by Knott, of Kentucky, and passed unanimous.

A motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill to remove all political disabilities, made by Goode, of Virginia, was defeated for want of the necessary two-thirds majority.

Mills, of Texas, moved to suspend the rules, and to adjourn until meeting the Committee on Revenue. W. M. and Moses to report a revenue tariff. Rejected.

The House then took recess until 10 A. M. Monday.

There have been eight hundred bills introduced in the House during the session, only two of which have become laws, and one an appropriation bill and the navy department bill. The bills to remonetize silver and to repeat the resumption act, have not been acted on in the Senate. The Paris Exposition bills were taken up and amended in the Senate, but the Senate has not yet passed them. The bills have not been acted on in the House. All the unfinished business of this session, however, holds its place in the next session.

**Senate.**—Wadehill, from the Committee on Privileges and Elections reported a bill authorizing J. B. Gaines to sit as a senator from Louisiana for the term ending March 1879. The report was sustained in the committee by six to three. The minority report was presented and the matter went over.

Senators Kellogg are in their seats.

Deficiency bill introduced in several important respects passed.

Senate went into executive session and took recess to ten o'clock Monday.

Fitz Simmonds was confirmed as marshal for Georgia.

The Judiciary Committee reported favorably on the bill of Jack Wharton as Marshal for Louisiana.

After a prolonged contest over Fitzsimmons in the executive session to day, his confirmation was postponed.

R. T. Clayton, of Alabama, was confirmed as counsel to Calico.

**TURCO-RUSSIAN WAR.**

**Bombardment of Pleven.**

LONDON, December 1.—The Times correspondent at Berlin telegraphs the following: "There seems to be no doubt that the German Government has despatched a special Austrian agent to Russia in the interest of direct negotiations with Turkey by promising her friendly support if any of Austria's vital interests are imperilled."

The Times Vienna correspondent says that it is announced from Bucharest that a general bombardment of Pleven commenced Thursday.

**Foreign Miscellany.**

LONDON, December 1.—The city was visited by the heaviest rain of the season to-day. At 10:30 o'clock this morning it was dark as midnight, but the darkness only lasted a short time.

The British Consul has contracted with the owners of the bell-telephone for its use as a part of the British telegraphic system.

A special from Berlin to the Times says the German telegraph department is organizing telephone communication for distances exceeding 50 miles.

Between two and three thousand cotton operators are now on a strike at Messelby. Their employers threatened a general lock-out.

**French Affairs.**

PARIS, December 1.—Advises this morning that the political situation is unchanged. The organs of the right, which the Republicans for making conciliatory overtures to President MacMahon, while the Republican organs complain of the spirit of resistance prevailing at the Elysee.

**A Noted Editor in Extremis.**

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., December 1.—Samuel Bowles, editor of the Springfield Republican, who has been ill for several weeks past, suffered this morning a paroxysm of pain so violent, and his physicians say he cannot recover. It is possible that he may survive a day or two, but he is now unconscious, and may breathe his last before sunset.

**Bridge Robbers.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—The bridges recently washed away by the flood on the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad having been replaced, the trains via the Kennebec route, resume their regular through trips to day.

**Debt Statement.**

WASHINGTON, December 1.—Debt exceeds \$1 million. In the Treasury coin, \$14 million; currency, \$1 million.

**Make Note.**

In your memorandum book, that the best quality of Day Books, Ledgers, Cash Books, Bill Books, Memorandum Books or any class of blank books or Book Binding, is always on hand or soon made to order at the News Book Bindery, one of the largest and most complete in the South.

The Richmond Enquirer has suspended publication.

**METHODISTS IN COUNCIL.**

**North Carolina Conference, N. E. Church South—Forty-first Session.**

Special Correspondence of the News.

THIRD DAY.

Friday morning, 9 o'clock, the conference opened according to adjournment, Bishop D. S. Doggett, D. D., in the chair, who conducted the religious services, reading 2d chapter I Thessalonians and singing and praying.

Bishop Doggett made a statement in regard to his inability to reach here before this time. The cause was on account of the broken railway line of travel. He was pleased to know that they had gone to work in accordance with the directions laid down in the Discipline.

The Secretary, Dr. Craven, read the proceedings of the second days' session, which were adopted.

The call of the roll was dispensed with. There were but very few absentees.

Bishop Doggett said the reading of the minutes suggested to him a matter upon which he wished to say a word. He then made a statement in reference to the action of the Board of Education, announcing the death of Bishop Marvin, and while it lacked confirmation, a large part of its furniture, library, &c.

After announcements by chairman of committees of the meetings of the church and by the pastor of the church that Rev. Dr. Burton would preach in his church to-night, Conference adjourned with the singing of the long metuoso doxology in the air introduced by Bishop Doggett.

The frost of 1858 was sufficient to sweep everything before it, so you can imagine the damage following in the wake of one from six to eight feet; it is simply

**INCALCULABLE AND APPALIING.**

Owing to the backward season, much of the crops on the Roanoke, when they are usually behind, were ungathered. Just across the river from here, the last hard snow of winter had covered the ground, and when the crop was gathered, the stalks were bent over, so that the ears of corn could not be easily plucked.

There were several days, however, when the weather was unusually warm, and the stalks dried out, so that the ears could be easily plucked.

On the 2d, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 3d, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 4th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 5th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 6th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 7th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 8th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 9th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 10th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 11th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 12th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 13th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 14th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 15th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 16th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 17th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 18th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 19th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 20th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 21st, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 22nd, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 23rd, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 24th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 25th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 26th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 27th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 28th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 29th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 30th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 31st, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 1st, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 2d, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 3d, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 4th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 5th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 6th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 7th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 8th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 9th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 10th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 11th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 12th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 13th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 14th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 15th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 16th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 17th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 18th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 19th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 20th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 21st, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 22nd, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 23rd, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 24th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 25th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 26th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

On the 27th, the frost of 1858 came over again, and the stalks were bent over again, so that the ears could not be easily plucked.

# DAILY NEWS.

SUNDAY..... DECEMBER 2, 1877.

## PRINTER TO THE STATE.

The Official Organ of the City.

PUBLISHED IN

The News Building, No. 5 Martin Street

TERMS:

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.—For single one year, \$1.00; six months, \$0.50; weekly, \$0.25; monthly, \$0.10; weekly, \$0.10; monthly, \$0.05; annually, \$1.00.

ADVERTISING RATES.—For single one line, 10 cents; each column, 20 cents; quarter insertion, 50 cents. Local notices, 20 cents per line each insertion. No advertisements accepted for more than two months at a time, or for any space or time can be made at the news-counting-room, except by arrangement with the editor. We do not allow to exceed their space, or advertise other than their legitimate business, except by paying special rates.

CIRCULATION.

THE DAILY NEWS has the largest daily circulation and the WEEKLY NEWS has the largest weekly circulation in the State.

The combined circulation of the DAILY and WEEKLY NEWS is larger than any other paper in North Carolina.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Each subscriber will see plainly printed on the yellow label, on which his name is printed, the date when his subscription will expire, and the date when his next bill will be sent. Any subscriber failing to receive a copy of his paper will confer a favor on us by doing so.

All communications should be addressed to THE NEWS, Raleigh, N.C.

Our subscribers will greatly oblige us by giving prompt information of any delay in receiving their papers.

Persons unable to obtain THE NEWS at News Agencies, on Railroads, &c., and who desire to have it sent to them personally, may do so by reporting the fact to us.

The DAILY NEWS is served by railroads and telegraph wires to all parts of the city for 12½ cents per week. Persons desiring to have the paper left at their residence will please call and send address to the office, No. 5 Martin street.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

Work on the Lee mausoleum at Lexington, Va., will begin in a few days. The spot chosen is a few paces to the north of the memorial chapel, in which the remains now lie, and on the campus of Washington and Lee University.

The Northern American prints letters from Congressmen House, Whipple, and Atkins of Tennessee, urging the prompt acceptance of the proposition to compromise the State debt as a measure of justice, expediency, and self-interest.

The Walker City Light Guard, of Richmond, Va., who were badly treated at the Columbia Fair, have accepted an invitation to speak at Charlotte on the 22d of February. The South Carolinians are anxious to redeem their reputation for hospitality.

There is a speck of war down in Mississippi—not over the negro, the outrages politicians will be sorry to hear, but in regard to some government timber stolen from the public lands. The United States marshals have been roughly handled by the woodsmen, and a revenue cutter has been sent with reinforcements from New Orleans.

Georgia will make enough corn and bacon this year, according to the estimate of the Committee on Agriculture of that State, for home consumption, though the corn will have to be used economically, on account of the severe droughts which prevailed in some sections of the State during the summer, cutting off the crop considerably.

The Columbus (Miss.) Democrats thus puts it: "The late election demonstrates the pleasing fact that the negroes of Mississippi have about retired from politics. The very few colored men who voted influenced the result of the election. This retirement has been voluntarily; they who assert, as some of our enemies in the North do, that violence and intimidation were used, lie."

On Tuesday, at Columbia, S. C., the United States Circuit Court opened, when Wm. Northrop, the recently appointed United States district attorney for South Carolina, announced to the court that he had received a telegram from Attorney General Devens indicating that his appointment as district attorney had been revoked by the President. Gen. Devens advised that the court should adjourn for a week to await the further action of the President.

STATE NEWS.

Says the Elizabeth City *Economist*: Several bears have recently been killed near Herford, by spring guns. One weighs 1400 pounds.

The Nimrods who left this country on the 19th ult. for Duran's Island, Dare county, says the *North Carolinaian*, returned last Friday with nine deer.

The cotton gin of Mrs. Elizabeth Lewis, near the Falls of Tar river, was burned on Tuesday night last, supposed to be incendiary. The loss was \$2,000; before the eminence of Spring of 1792.

*Wilmington Advertiser*: The biggest freight ever known in Tar river. The water at Cockrell's bridge was up to the planks—higher than it ever was before since the memorable Spring of 1792.

*North Carolinian*: The Dismal Swamp Canal Committee held a meeting here Tuesday and adopted a memorial to Congress. The counties of Camden, Pasquotank, Perquimans and Chowan were represented.

The Christian denomination known as Disciples of Christ, in North Carolina, have a membership, 6,047, according to the report of their last convention, They have 13 churches and missions, and 44 preachers.

The first Baptist church in North Carolina was organized in Camden county in 1737, by Paul Palmer, a native of Maryland, who was baptised by Owen Thomas, a Welchman, who emigrated to this country at the age of thirty-one years.

The funeral of the late A. G. H. Cooper, who was the Wilson *Advocate*, of Nash county, will be preached by the Rev. Dr. Winslow, Esq., on the first Sunday in December, under the auspices of the Masonic fraternity.

Elizabeth City *Economist*: At the close of the war, Mr. H. L. H. Cooper, who was a corporal in the Union army, and in a regiment, at that time stationed near Newbern; when the regiment was disbanded and the arms given up, he marked the initials of his name on the breech of his musket, and argued that a settlement of the public debt question shall be made upon a basis which will not impair the credit of the State. He urges the fostering of the public school system, to give free education to all classes. The balance of his message relates to topics such as taxation, special legislation and public institutions. Gov. Hampton hopes to control the Legislature and shape legis-

## THE ADMISSION OF BUTLER AND KELLOGG.

The long struggle in the United States Senate over the contested election cases terminated yesterday by the admission of General M. C. Butler as Senator from South Carolina and ex-Gov. Kellogg as Senator from Louisiana. The two carpet-baggers—Patterson and Corover, voted for both Kellogg and Butler. Strong efforts were made by the Republicans to prevent their voting for Butler; but those efforts proved fruitless. The motive of the Senator from Florida in thus deserting his party remains concealed. It is believed that he is only coqueting with the Democrats for permanency. He left many friends in this State who would always be glad to hear of his success.

## A Wrecked Existence.

Other conditions being equal, there is no reason why a healthy man should not live longer than he would be destined, whether adverse fortune has the power entirely to destroy the happiness of life, or whether the nervous, feeble, dyspeptic invalid, there is a condition of health which is equally destined to shorten his life. But he should not despair of relief. That benignant restorative, Hope, is a powerful factor in the recovery of health. It is a sovereign remedy for dyspepsia, nervousness, irregular habit of body, &c., &c. It is a sovereign remedy for rheumatism, which gives rise to rheumatic ailments, &c., &c. It is a sovereign remedy for all diseases of the heart, &c., &c. It may be used with great advantage by ladies in feeble health. Its effects are particularly salutary in the cure of invalids.

Happy tidings for nervous sufferers, and for all who have been debilitated. Brigg's Elixirs effectually cure premature debility, weakness, and every disease of the heart, &c., &c. Over 100,000 persons mailed free. Address FULVUM-MACHER GALVANIC CO., Cincinnati, O. nosedead.

## FANCY GROCERIES.

W. C. & A. B. STRONACH.

Super-Cured Ham, 15¢ per lb.; Thin Breakfast Sausage, 12¢ per lb.; Bright Sugar, 1¢ per lb.; Fresh Carolina Ham, 15¢ per lb.; Fresh Bacon, 12¢ per lb.; Fresh Laundry Soap, 2¢; 4 lb. Bars Laundry Soap, 2¢; Fresh Banana, 5¢; 5¢ per dozen; Fresh California Peaches, 6¢ per dozen.

## BAGGING!

## GROCERIES.

Jacob Higgs,  
GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANT,  
—AND—  
Wholesale and Retail

Dealer in  
Groceries.

Strict attention to all consignments, and prompt returns made.

Cotton stored on reasonable terms.

Orders solicited and

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Opposite New Postoffice, RALEIGH, N.C.  
sev'd m.

W. A. MYATT

Wholesale  
GROCER AND COTTON

Commission Merchant  
No. 4 MARTIN STREET,  
RALEIGH, N.C.

## BAGGING!!

## BAGGING!!

## BAGGING!!

20,000 Yards Standard Bagging,

In whole and half rolls.

GINNERS WILL SAVE MONEY BY

WRITING FOR PRICES.

I am also agent for the celebrated

ARROW Piece Tie.

which will be sold to the trade lower than ever known.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL

when in need of BAGGING and THIS.

A full stock of

Groceries

always on hand.

Special attention given to consignments of cotton. Highest prices guaranteed. Cash advances will be made where parties wish to sec'd 24m.

BORAX AND BORAX AND OATMEAL

TOILET SOAP.

Softens the skin and removes the complexion.

WHITE VEGETABLE OIL.

Equal to White Castile Soap. 10¢ per lb.

USE BORAX LAUNDRY SOAP,

Cheapest common soap and will cause your clothes to last longer.

BRIGGS' LAUNDRY SOAP.

Condemned by the proprietors of

the largest stores in the country.

10 lb. bars.

SCOTCH WHISKY.

RAMSAY'S SCOTCH WHISKY,

Direct From the Importers,

For sale in quantities from one quart up.

HARDIN & GRIMES.

nos'd m.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

NEW SHOE HOUSE!

—30—

D. GETTINGER

will occupy, on or about October 1st, the

NEW STORE

Cor. Fayetteville and Martin Streets,

(OPPOSITE THE NEW POSTOFFICE)

with an entirely new stock of

LADIES', GENTLEMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S BOOTS & SHOES.

He will keep the largest assortment of superior and finely finished goods, of substances and qualities at lowest prices to be found in North Carolina.

He respectfully solicits an inspection of his goods and prices.

He invites the special attention of store-keepers to his large stock of Boots and Shoes, and will give great inducements to wholesale purchasers.

He will be open on Saturday evenings.



# DAILY NEWS.

SUNDAY.....DECEMBER 2, 1877

T

**THE RALEIGH NEWS** IS THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN RALEIGH, AND HAS THE LARGEST DAILY CIRCULATION IN NORTH CAROLINA.

THE WEEKLY NEWS HAS THE LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY PAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA, AND IS THE MOST VALUABLE AS AN ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

**Index to New Advertisements.**

OTEL & NEW FARM—Barbers.

JULIUS L. WISNER—Local notice.

J. A. BREWSTER—Local notice.

**The Mails,**

The mails now close as follows:

Raleigh & Gaston.....9:00 a. m.

Western.....11:00 a. m.

Eastern.....9:00 p. m.

The office opens for delivery of the mail.....7:30 a. m.

Eastern.....1:00 p. m.

Western.....8:00 p. m.

Raleigh & Gaston.....10:00 p. m.

Two Northern mails daily, closing at 9 a. m. and 3:00 p. m.

**Probabilities.**

For the South Atlantic States rising, followed by falling barometer, winds from the west, north, and northwesterly warmer and clear or partly cloudy weather.

**CHURCH DIRECTORY.**

SALISBURY STREET BAPTIST CHURCH—Services at 11 o'clock a. m., by the pastor, Rev. T. H. Pritchard, D. D.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Services to day at 11 A. M. and 3 P. M., conducted by the pastor, Rev. J. V. Vass.

CHURCH OF THE GOOD SHEPHERD—Services at 11 o'clock a. m., by Rev. Mr. Rich, rector; seats all free, and everyone cordially invited.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH—Rev. Mr. C. E. Simons, Rector; Mass at 8:30 a. m., Sunday School at 10:30 A. M., Vespers and evensong at 5 p. m., Rev. Father White, pastor, seats free.

PEIRSON STREET M. E. CHURCH—Services at 11 A. M., by Rev. Solomon Pool, seats all free, and all are invited to attend.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH—Services at 11 A. M., and 4 P. M., every Friday at 11 A. M., and at 4 P. M. every Wednesday. The public is always welcome, and all services are intended for the instruction and edification of the people.

CHRIST CHURCH—Services at 11 A. M., and 4 P. M., by Rev. Mr. C. E. Simons, Rector; Mass at 8:30 a. m., Sunday School at 10:30 A. M., and evensong at 5 p. m.

SWAIN STREET BAPTIST CHURCH—Services at 11 A. M., and 4 P. M., by Rev. Mr. McSwain, afternoons at 4 P. M. Every evening the public service at 10:30 A. M., and evensong at 5 p. m.

Mrs. Malinda Howell, nee Blake, died at the residence of her husband four miles from Raleigh, yesterday morning, of paralysis.

A drove of very fine beef cattle made their appearance on our streets yesterday, whether for our market or to go further west did not learn.

The number of legal documents deeds, mortgages, liens, &c., registered in the office of Register of Deeds, for the month of November, was one hundred and seven.

Unmailable letters held in the Raleigh post office: Mrs. P. E. Harvey, Portsmouth, Va.; Rev. L. J. Norwood, Garysburg, N. C.; Samuel Stenger, Wilmington, N. C.

Attention Rescue Company! The Annual election of Rescue officers will be held at Rescue Hall on next Monday night at 7 o'clock. This is also the regular monthly meeting of the company.

The man with the organ and monkey, the vendor of knife-sharpeners, the retailer of toothache drops, and a few auctioneers were the enlivening features on Wilmington street yesterday.

One of the young bachelors editors of a neighboring county, having been kicked by his sweetheart, does not respond, but declares his intention "grabbing his piggin and making for the next cow he sees."

It was rumored in the city that Andrew Mooningham, the man recently tried for the murder of Harry Seawell, and who fell into the Neuse and spent the night in a tree hanging over the river, is dead, but we could trace the rumor to no authority.

We regret to hear of the death of little Johnnie, infant son of Fred. A. and Bettie Watson, which occurred on Friday, Nov. 30, at Lillington, the new home of its parents. The body was brought to this city yesterday for interment. See notice of funeral in another column.

The Secretary of State, Maj. Engelhard, was yesterday marking and sending off, to the various counties, the extra Law & Battle's Revision and Supreme Court Reports, to supply deficiencies and punctualists &c.

For some time at this writing unknown, last night, the mail got off in the middle, and when we tried to inquire about it the office was closed. We know not whether our readers lost much or not. We suppose the telegrams were sent by some one who failed to deliver them.

We learn from a private letter received in this city that United States Postmaster, W. G. Spencer, for two years station at Raleigh, and well and favorably known to many, our best citizens, was recently united in marriage to Miss McCrary, daughter of Hon. J. C. McCrary, of Nashville, Tenn.

We hope our young friends of the Franklin Courier have no particular objection to mentioning when they copy out our news, that they take it from us, and that we are the Raleigh Courier. We paid a good deal of money for special dispatches during the recent flood, and have no objection to our exchanges copying them, but we do think we ought to have credit for them.

J. H. Lanning, Sheriff of Transylvania, remitted to the State Treasurer by express, \$1,423.20, which was received on the 20th instant, the amount of his State taxes for the present year.

The case of the United States vs. John Pergerson, charged with having in his possession tobacco with stamp, had been forwarded to the Auditor, it has to await their arrival before being entered to his credit. Randolph first, Chowan second, Transylvania third. Who comes next?

We call attention to the circular of Col. Polk, Commissioner of Agriculture, to be found in another column.

It would be a shame that counties capable of furnishing valuable agricultural and mineral products to the museum of the department, should have their shelves there standing empty, and thus saying to all visitors, "our county has nothing worth showing."

The case of the United States against G. W. Watkins, is set for trial on Monday morning.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertiser in a paper of universal circulation, in a large town, wants to place his ad in all things; a paper accessible alike to good men of all parties; and such a paper is to be had by all men whose opinion is worth having.

NEW FIRM-BARBERS.

W. G. OTTEY, the fashion Barber and Hair-dresser, has associated with him W. H. SUMNER, so long and so well-known as an employee in his establishment.

Beauty Regained, Beauty Retained

by the use of that most harmful and delicate preparation, Gouraud's Olympian Cream. This unrivaled preparation is a perfect elixir, and will restore to all things a paper access to good men of all parties; and such a paper is to be had by all men whose opinion is worth having.

OTTEY & SUMNER.

Respectfully offer their services to the 1st of December, and guarantee complete satisfaction to all their customers.

NEWSPAPERS.

O. T. Robertson and Alphonso Hanes, were up for an affray and were sent up to the Criminal Court for further investigation.

John Cayton for making an assault on A. W. Frazee, was also sent on to answer at the next term of the Criminal Court.

Dr. James Clegg, TWENTY years experience in Female Diseases, including Ovarian Tumors, guarantees satisfaction of charges of an American or English physician. Over 1,000 cases. Address for fees, Dr. H. G. GOODFELLOW & CO., 100 Broad Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DR. JAMES CLEGG, TWENTY

years experience in Female Diseases, including Ovarian Tumors, guarantees satisfaction of charges of an American or English physician. Over 1,000 cases.

Address for fees, Dr. H. G. GOODFELLOW & CO., 100 Broad Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DR. JAMES CLEGG, TWENTY

years experience in Female Diseases, including Ovarian Tumors, guarantees satisfaction of charges of an American or English physician. Over 1,000 cases.

Address for fees, Dr. H. G. GOODFELLOW & CO., 100 Broad Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DR. JAMES CLEGG, TWENTY

years experience in Female Diseases, including Ovarian Tumors, guarantees satisfaction of charges of an American or English physician. Over 1,000 cases.

Address for fees, Dr. H. G. GOODFELLOW & CO., 100 Broad Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DR. JAMES CLEGG, TWENTY

years experience in Female Diseases, including Ovarian Tumors, guarantees satisfaction of charges of an American or English physician. Over 1,000 cases.

Address for fees, Dr. H. G. GOODFELLOW & CO., 100 Broad Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DR. JAMES CLEGG, TWENTY

years experience in Female Diseases, including Ovarian Tumors, guarantees satisfaction of charges of an American or English physician. Over 1,000 cases.

Address for fees, Dr. H. G. GOODFELLOW & CO., 100 Broad Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DR. JAMES CLEGG, TWENTY

years experience in Female Diseases, including Ovarian Tumors, guarantees satisfaction of charges of an American or English physician. Over 1,000 cases.

Address for fees, Dr. H. G. GOODFELLOW & CO., 100 Broad Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DR. JAMES CLEGG, TWENTY

years experience in Female Diseases, including Ovarian Tumors, guarantees satisfaction of charges of an American or English physician. Over 1,000 cases.

Address for fees, Dr. H. G. GOODFELLOW & CO., 100 Broad Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DR. JAMES CLEGG, TWENTY

years experience in Female Diseases, including Ovarian Tumors, guarantees satisfaction of charges of an American or English physician. Over 1,000 cases.

Address for fees, Dr. H. G. GOODFELLOW & CO., 100 Broad Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DR. JAMES CLEGG, TWENTY

years experience in Female Diseases, including Ovarian Tumors, guarantees satisfaction of charges of an American or English physician. Over 1,000 cases.

Address for fees, Dr. H. G. GOODFELLOW & CO., 100 Broad Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DR. JAMES CLEGG, TWENTY

years experience in Female Diseases, including Ovarian Tumors, guarantees satisfaction of charges of an American or English physician. Over 1,000 cases.

Address for fees, Dr. H. G. GOODFELLOW & CO., 100 Broad Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DR. JAMES CLEGG, TWENTY

years experience in Female Diseases, including Ovarian Tumors, guarantees satisfaction of charges of an American or English physician. Over 1,000 cases.

Address for fees, Dr. H. G. GOODFELLOW & CO., 100 Broad Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DR. JAMES CLEGG, TWENTY

years experience in Female Diseases, including Ovarian Tumors, guarantees satisfaction of charges of an American or English physician. Over 1,000 cases.

Address for fees, Dr. H. G. GOODFELLOW & CO., 100 Broad Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DR. JAMES CLEGG, TWENTY

years experience in Female Diseases, including Ovarian Tumors, guarantees satisfaction of charges of an American or English physician. Over 1,000 cases.

Address for fees, Dr. H. G. GOODFELLOW & CO., 100 Broad Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DR. JAMES CLEGG, TWENTY

years experience in Female Diseases, including Ovarian Tumors, guarantees satisfaction of charges of an American or English physician. Over 1,000 cases.

Address for fees, Dr. H. G. GOODFELLOW & CO., 100 Broad Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DR. JAMES CLEGG, TWENTY

years experience in Female Diseases, including Ovarian Tumors, guarantees satisfaction of charges of an American or English physician. Over 1,000 cases.

Address for fees, Dr. H. G. GOODFELLOW & CO., 100 Broad Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DR. JAMES CLEGG, TWENTY

years experience in Female Diseases, including Ovarian Tumors, guarantees satisfaction of charges of an American or English physician. Over 1,000 cases.

Address for fees, Dr. H. G. GOODFELLOW & CO., 100 Broad Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DR. JAMES CLEGG, TWENTY

years experience in Female Diseases, including Ovarian Tumors, guarantees satisfaction of charges of an American or English physician. Over 1,000 cases.

Address for fees, Dr. H. G. GOODFELLOW & CO., 100 Broad Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DR. JAMES CLEGG, TWENTY

years experience in Female Diseases, including Ovarian Tumors, guarantees satisfaction of charges of an American or English physician. Over 1,000 cases.

Address for fees, Dr. H. G. GOODFELLOW & CO., 100 Broad Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DR. JAMES CLEGG, TWENTY

years experience in Female Diseases, including Ovarian Tumors, guarantees satisfaction of charges of an American or English physician. Over 1,000 cases.

Address for fees, Dr. H. G. GOODFELLOW & CO., 100 Broad Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DR. JAMES CLEGG, TWENTY

years experience in Female Diseases, including Ovarian Tumors, guarantees satisfaction of charges of an American or English physician. Over 1,000 cases.

Address for fees, Dr. H. G. GOODFELLOW & CO., 100 Broad Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DR. JAMES CLEGG, TWENTY

years experience in Female Diseases, including Ovarian Tumors, guarantees satisfaction of charges of an American or English physician. Over 1,000 cases.

Address for fees, Dr. H. G. GOODFELLOW & CO., 100 Broad Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DR. JAMES CLEGG, TWENTY

years experience in Female Diseases, including Ovarian Tumors, guarantees satisfaction of charges of an American or English physician. Over 1,000